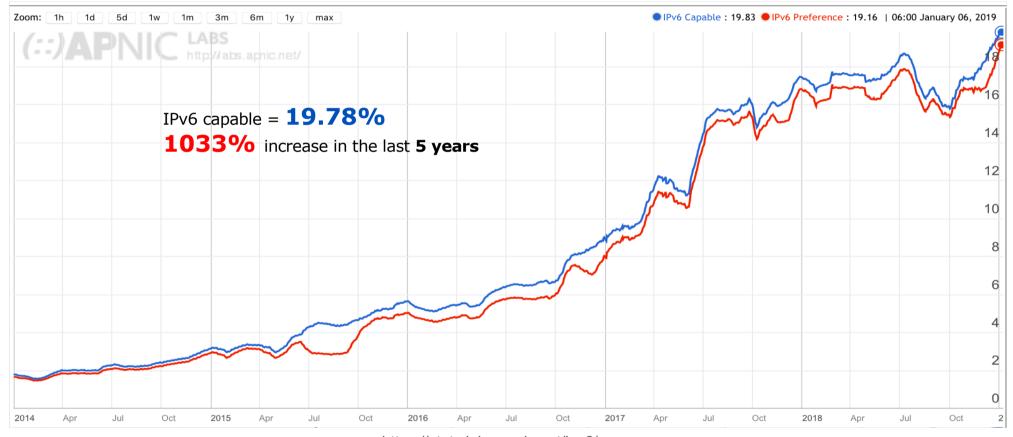
Where are we now? [IPv6 deployment update]

SANOG33 | 11 Jan 2019 | Thimphu - Bhutan

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tashi@apnic.net



IPv6 End-User Readiness



https://stats.labs.apnic.net/ipv6/



IPv6 table - World

| Economy | IPv6 capable (%) |
|----------------|------------------|
| India | 56.93 |
| Belgium | 55.54 |
| United States | 47.46 |
| Germany | 39.56 |
| Greece | 34.13 |
| Malaysia | 33.67 |
| Taiwan | 30.70 |
| Finland | 29.22 |
| United Kingdom | 28.08 |
| Japan | 27.95 |
| Uruguay | 27.83 |
| Brazil | 27.74 |
| Luxembourg | 27.00 |

| Economy | IPv6 capable (%) |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Switzerland | 26.67 |
| Vietnam | 26.37 |
| Thailand | 24.03 |
| Estonia | 23.59 |
| Canada | 23.36 |
| Mexico | 22.50 |
| Trinidad & Tobago | 22.20 |
| Aland Islands | 22.13 |
| France | 22.03 |
| New Zealand | 20.66 |
| Hungary | 19.28 |
| Sint Maarten | 17.72 |
| Ireland | 17.08 |
| Portugal | 16.26 |
| Peru | 16.16 |

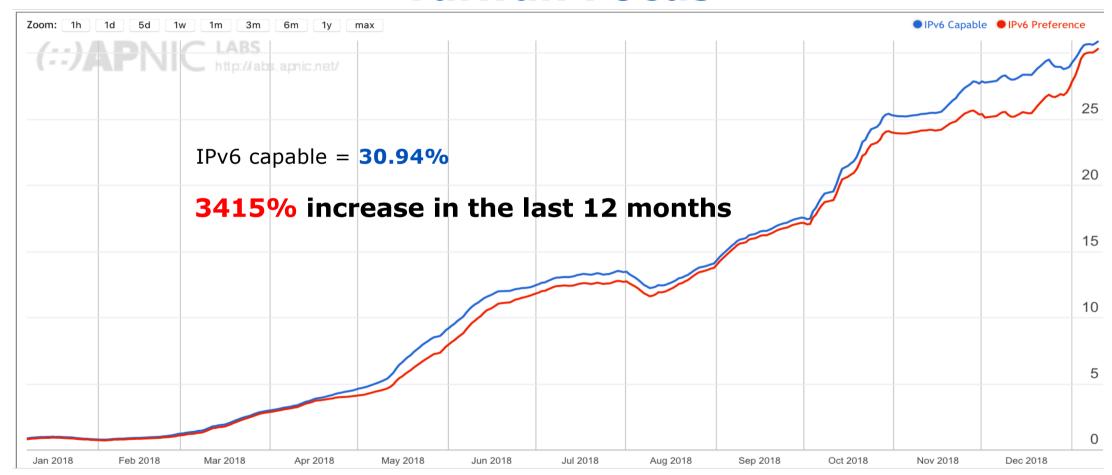
What about Asia-Pacific?

| CC | Economy | IPv6 capable (%) |
|----|-------------|------------------|
| IN | India | 56.67 |
| TW | Taiwan | 30.94 |
| MY | Malaysia | 33.73 |
| JP | Japan | 27.98 |
| VN | Vietnam | 26.34 |
| TH | Thailand | 23.95 |
| NZ | New Zealand | 20.63 |
| AU | Australia | 13.40 |
| LK | Sri Lanka | 11.28 |
| KR | Korea | 9.56 |
| SG | Singapore | 9.29 |
| CN | China | 6.89 |



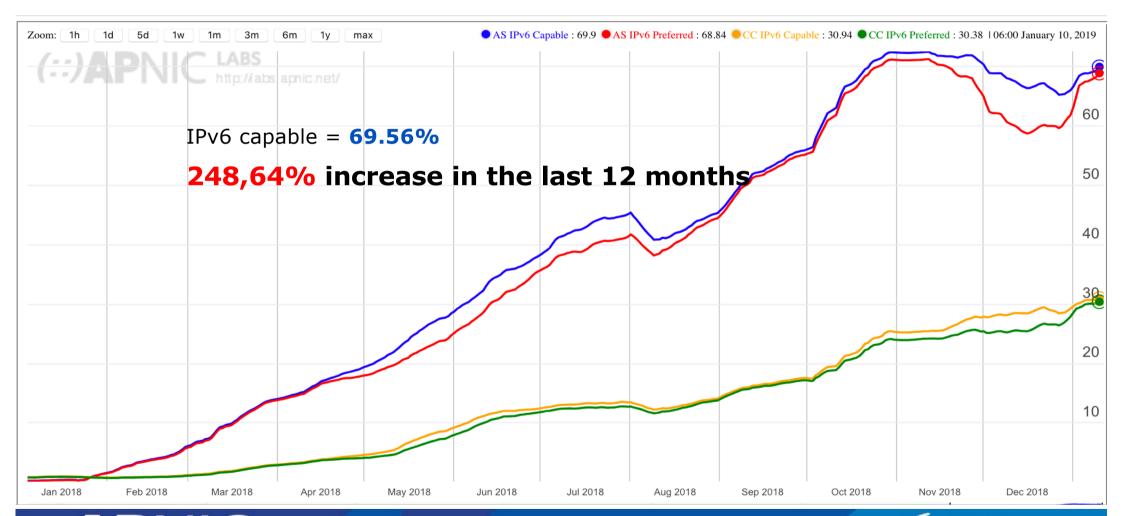


Taiwan Focus



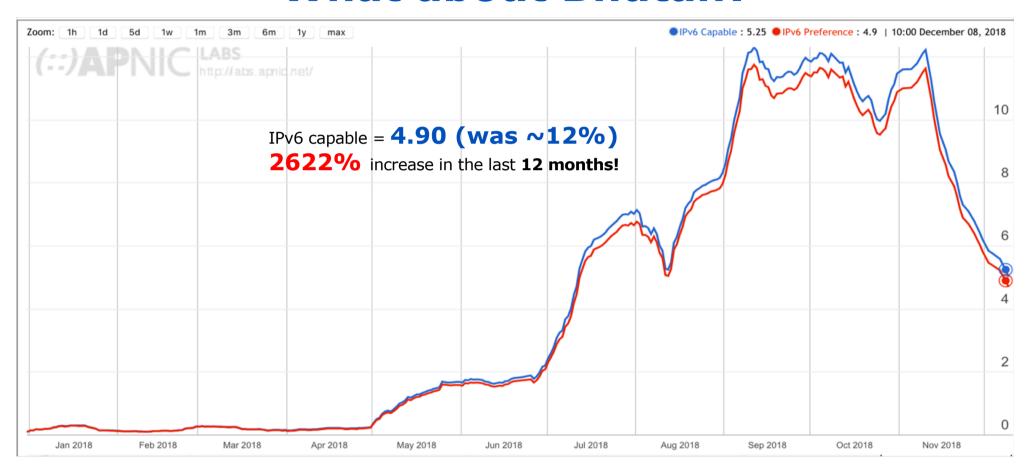


AS 17421: EMOME

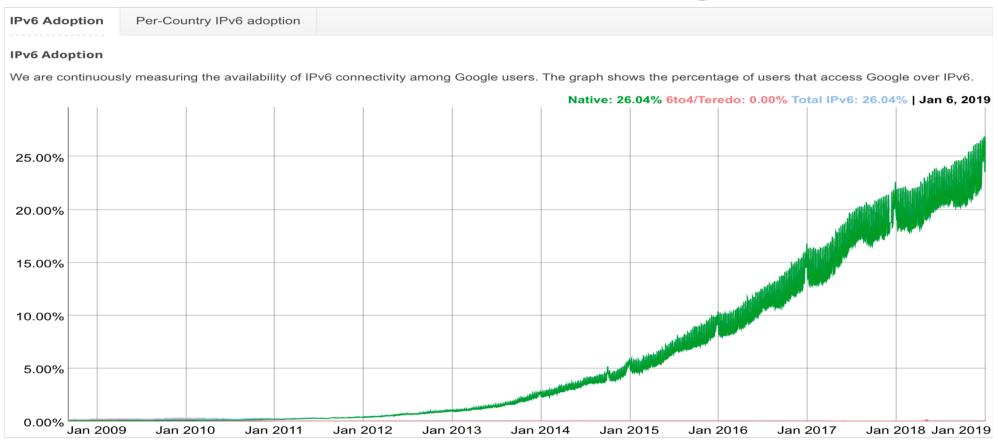




What about Bhutan?



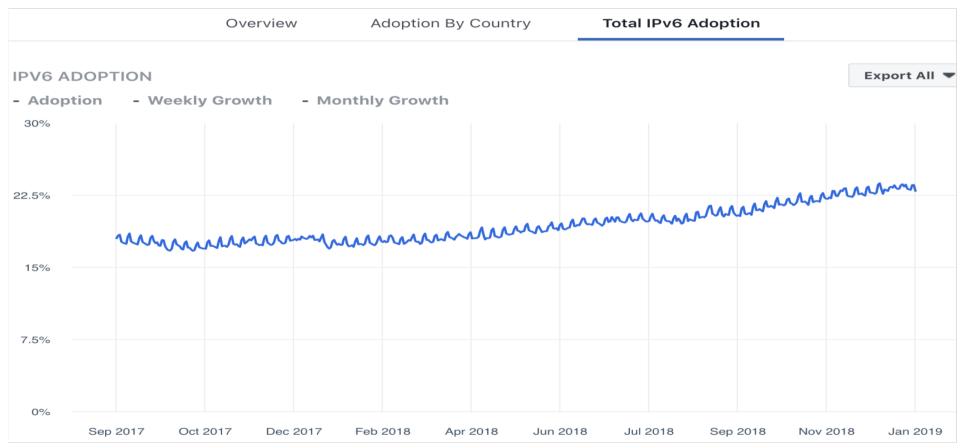
IPv6 in action - Google



https://www.google.com/intl/en/ipv6/statistics.html



IPv6 in action - Facebook



https://www.facebook.com/ipv6/

IPv6 Performance

Enough data collected to analyze IPv6 performance – APNIC Labs

- Is IPv6 as robust as IPv4?
 - Do all TCP connection attempts succeed?
 - Connection failure = no ACK for an SYN
 - IPv4 connection failure sits at 0.2%
 - IPv6 connection failure sits at 1.6% (8 times higher!)
 - PMTUD (ICMPv6 filters)?



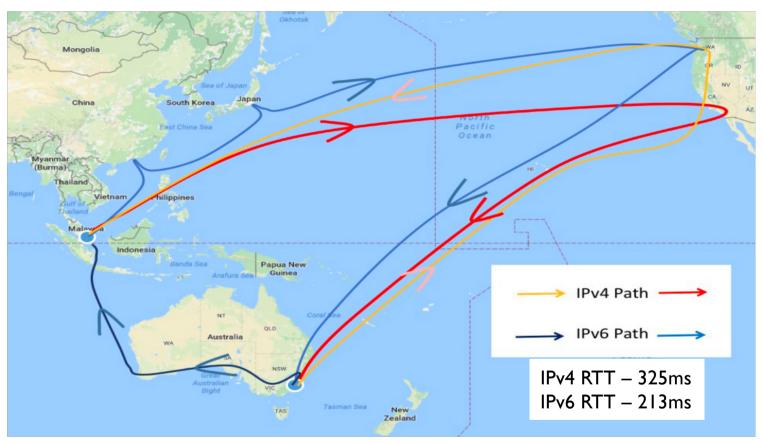
IPv6 Performance

- Is IPv6 as fast as IPv4? (IPv6 unicast)
 - Comparison of RTT (not implicit RTT)
 - Time since SYN till ACK
 - factors out any congestion issues
 - IPv6 is faster about half of the time
 - 45ms faster (36-90ms)... 66ms in BT
 - NAT?
 - IPv4 and IPv6 using different paths (different peering policies for IPv4 and IPv6)?
 - TechArk measured IPv6 performance for HTTP traffic
 - IPv6 performance better when measuring nearer targets!

https://blog.apnic.net/2017/09/29/network-operator-perspective-ipv6-performance/



Routing path & performance



https://labs.apnic.net/?p=850

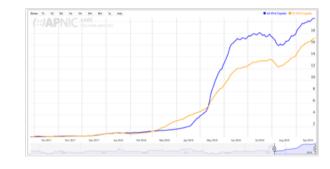


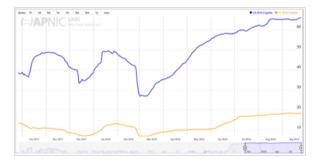


Three-stages of IPv6 Growth

Fast growth driven by single, early market driver

• Incld. Australia, Bhutan, South Korea, Taiwan



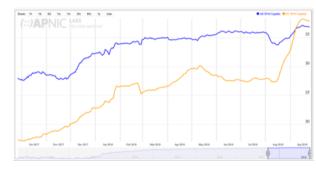


Initial roll-out followed by spread to other Internet Service Providers

• Incld. India, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Viet Nam

Mature IPv6 market with rich availability from access providers and deployment by providers of Internet services (incld. content, cable TV, cloud)

• Incld. Japan, Malaysia, Singapore



Motivation for Early Market Drivers

- Simplify network design
- Commitment to Internet Tech Evolution
- Government Encouragement
- Capability to support growth, IoT, Smart Cities, future services
- Reduce load on CGN
- Lower CAPEX

Network Working Group Request for Comments: 2460 Obsoletes: 1883 Category: Standards Track S. Deering Cisco R. Hinden Nokia December 1998

Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6)
Specification

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.



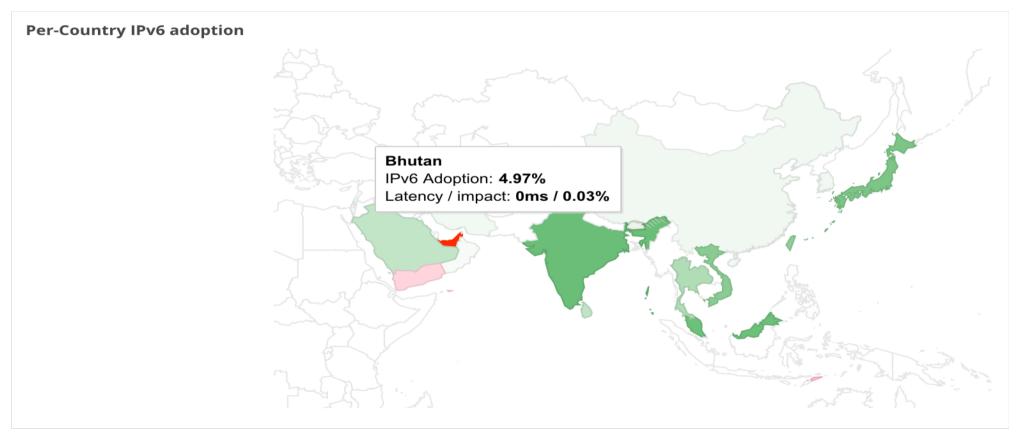




ADVISORY GUIDELINES
ADOPTION OF IPv6 IN BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

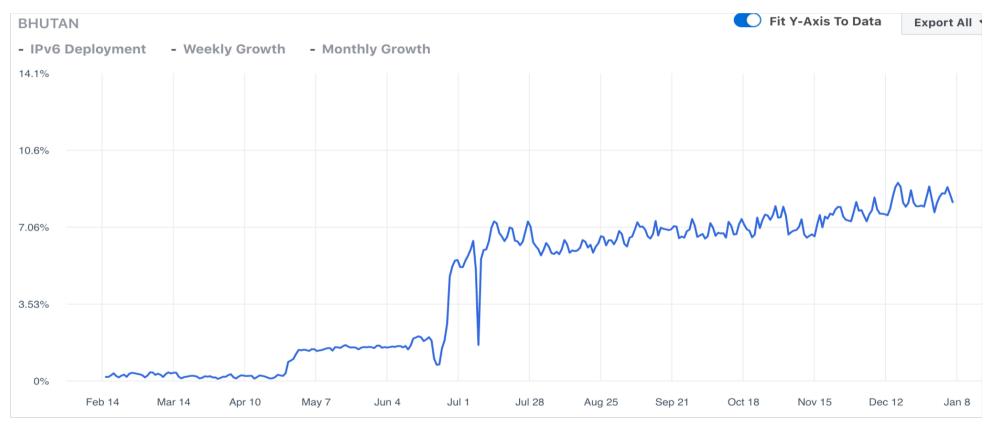


What about Bhutan?



https://www.google.com/intl/en/ipv6/statistics.html#tab=per-country-ipv6-adoption

What about Bhutan?



https://www.facebook.com/ipv6/?tab=ipv6 country

Industry trend: Who is in control?

- Mobile is driving the internet
- However, born and raised on NAT!
 - Still heavily based on CG-NAT
- The true driver for IPv6 adoption is mobile internet!

IPv6 in Action: Mobile Networks

| Carrier | Economy | Deployment |
|------------------|-----------|---|
| Verizon Wireless | USA | Dual-stack (2011) |
| T-Mobile | USA | 464XLAT (2012) |
| SK Telecom | Korea | 464XLAT (2014) |
| Telstra | Australia | 464XLAT (2016) |
| Reliance Jio | India | Dual-stack (2016) |
| AIS | Thailand | Dual-stack (2016 – wired, 2017 – Mobile) |
| Bhutan Telecom | Bhutan | Dual-stack (2018) |
| Chungwa Telecom | Taiwan | Dual-stack (2018) |

IPv6 and Mobile devices

- 464XLAT:
 - Android (4.4 KitKat)
 - Windows Phone (8.1+)
- IPv6-only:
 - iOS
 - since iOS 9 (supported Ion WiFi for a long time)
 - since June 2016, apps in App Store must support IPv6 https://developer.apple.com/support/ipv6/

- DHCPv6:
 - Windows
 - iOS
- Dual-stack:
 - KaiOS (Jio handsets)
 - iOS: reports for dual-stack since11.3 (through carrier update)

Where are we now?

"IPv6 has emerged from the 'Innovators' and 'Early Adoption' stages of deployment, and is now in the 'Early Majority phase"

- ISOC State of IPv6 Deployment (2018)

- Global IPv6 end-user readiness is 19.78%
 - 61.42% of network operators in the Asia-Pacific have IPv6 resources.
- IPv6 end-user readiness is increasing (across diverse economy profiles).
- Common trend sees three stages of economy readiness.
- Mobile driven growth of IPv6 deployment
- Observed preference for dual-stack transition technology in recent deployments (PDP licensing?)
- Positive signs for future readiness growth, especially as vendor support grows

Aside: IPv6 Capable vs Preferred

- Uses scripted online advertisement
 - Over 7-10M measurements/day!!
- The Ad script fetches three URLs
 - IPv4 only URL, IPv6 only URL, Dual-stack URL
- If:
 - Fetches IPv6 URLs (native/dual-stack) over IPv6, device deemed IPv6 capable
 - Fetches the dual-stack URL over IPv6, its deemed to prefer IPv6
 - RFC8305 (happy eyeballs) bias?



apnic.net/ipv6



